WHI-MS Form D (MD) Rev 11/12/99

Administration Time	Date: ////////////////////////////////////
From:	
To:	Affix Bar Code Label Here
Clinician's Name	

## **WHIMS STUDY**

Form D

Phase 3:

Clinical Evaluation

WHI-MS Form D (MD) Rev 11/12/99



#### **History of Acquired Cognitive and Behavior Changes**

In order to document a history of acquired memory and behavior changes: (1) review the available information (e.g., Form 39, WHI-MS technician's interview of the participant, the technician's interview of the friend/family member, the Cognitive Test Battery, etc.), (2) then interview the participant regarding any changes suggested by the available information until you are ready to make the summary ratings below. You may ask any questions you wish. Make notes in the space provided or on the back of the preceding page.

1.	MEMORY	Yes	No	Don't Know
	Does the participant have an acquired problem with <b>MEMORY</b> as evidenced by such changes as: difficulty remembering things that happened recently, forgetting conversations, repeating questions, forgetting to turn the stove off, etc.?			
No	tes:			
2.	LANGUAGE	Yes	No	DK
	Does the participant have acquired problems with <b>LANGUAGE</b> as evidenced by such changes as: trouble finding words, difficulty communicating, incorrectly naming things, etc.?			
No	tes:			
3.	PERSONALITY OR BEHAVIOR	Yes	No	DK
	Has the participant had unusual changes in her <b>PERSONALITY OR BEHAVIOR</b> such as increased irritability, unexpected episodes of anger or hostility, visual or auditory hallucinations, suspiciousness of others, delusions, social withdrawal, etc.?			
No	tes:			
4.	ORIENTATION FOR TIME OR PLACE	Yes	No	DK
	Does the participant have periods of <b>DISORIENTATION</b> as evidenced by trouble remembering the day of the week or date, forgetting holidays or special dates, being confused about where she is, difficulty finding her way around familiar surroundings, etc.?			
No	tes:			
5.	ACTIVITIES OF DAILY LIVING (ADL)	Yes	No	DK
No	Does the participant have difficulty with her <b>ACTIVITIES OF DAILY LIVING</b> such as dressing, feeding, toileting, bathing or grooming, etc. or higher level activities such as handling money, shopping, operating appliances, performing simple household tasks, etc.? <b>tes:</b>			

6.	SOCIAL, COMMUNITY, INTELLECTUAL ACTIVITIES AND EMPLOYMENT	Yes	No	Don't Know
	Does the participant have difficulty with <b>SOCIAL</b> , <b>COMMUNITY AND/OR INTELLECTUAL</b> activities as evidenced by reduced involvement in social activities, reduced involvement in hobbies or special interests, saying or doing things that are potentially embarrassing to herself or others, etc.?			
No				
7.	JUDGEMENT AND PROBLEM-SOLVING	Yes	No	DK
	Does the participant have difficulty with <b>JUDGEMENT AND PROBLEM SOLVING</b> as evidenced by responding inappropriately to others, difficulty understanding TV and newspapers, difficulty planning, difficulty calculating numbers, difficulty knowing how to solve everyday problems, etc.?			
No	tes:			
8.	ADDITIONAL ACQUIRED IMPAIRMENTS	Yes	No	DK
	Does the participant have any <b>ADDITIONAL ACQUIRED IMPAIRMENTS</b> ?			
	If so, please describe:			
	(If there are no acquired cognitive or behavior changes, skip to Section B. Otherwise questions about the documented changes).	answer	the follo	owing
9.	When were the symptoms first apparent? (Check one.)  ☐ less than six months ago ☐ Approximate date: ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐			
10.	How fast did the symptoms seem to come on?  ☐ very gradually ☐ over a period of 1-3 months (subacute) ☐ suddenly (within one month) ☐ other (describe:)			
11.	How did the symptoms progress:  ☐, steadily worsened ☐, seemed to go up and down (stepwise) ☐, got worse and then leveled off ☐, other (describe:)			

12.	12. Please add any comments or details regarding the history of the symptoms that you feel are relevant to "diagnostic thinking."		



## **Past Medical History**

## Other systemic illnesses and conditions

Ha	s the participant ever been diagnosed as having:			
_	Yes	No 1	Don't Know	Notes
a.	Heart disease	Ш	Ш	
	If yes, what kind?			
	Heart attack			
	Congestive heart failure	片		
	Recurrent chest pain with exercise	닏		
	Irregular (skipped) heartbeats	닏		
	Coronary bypass	Ш		
	Other (describe:)			
b.	Hypertension			
c.	Diabetes Mellitus			
d.	Thyroid disease (specify:)			
	Thyroid disease (specify:)			
e.	Cancer (specify type:)			
f.	Head injury requiring medical attention			
	If yes, give date,			
	m m d d y y y y			
	and duration of unconsciousness, if any:minutes;hours,days			
g.	Kidney disease			
h.	Liver disease			
i.	Syphilis, AIDS, HIV (specify:)	Ш		
	If yes, year of diagnosis:			
	Treatment:			
	If yes, date of treatment:			
	m m d d y y y y			
	Diagnostic studies:			
	LP			
	Serology			
	$T_4$ count			
	Other, (specify:)	$\overline{\Box}$		
j.	CNS disorders (e.g., MS, epilepsy, etc.)	$\overline{\Box}$		
k.	Lung disease (chronic bronchitis, emphysema, etc.)	$\Box$	$\Box$	
1.	Serious vision or hearing loss	一一	Ħ	
m.	Mental retardation.		H	
n.	Psychiatric disorders.			
11.	If yes, what kind?			
	Depression			
	Anxiety, Panic			
	Schizophrenia, Psychotic			
	Bipolar (Manic-Depressive)			
	Substance Abuse			
	Other (describe:)			
0.	Other major diseases, accidents or operations			

2.	In the past ten years, has the participant ever been admitted to a hospital for more than two days?		N	o DK	_
<u>Ce</u>	erebrovascular disease			D. V. W.	 Notes
3.	Has the participant ever had a major or minor stroke?	Yes	No	Don't Know	notes
	If no, skip to #6. If yes, specify: □major □minor		$\downarrow$		
	Give dates: Stroke #1 $\square$	(	Go to #6)		
	Stroke #2 $\prod_{m}$ $\prod_{m}$ $\prod_{d}$ $\prod_{d}$ $\prod_{y}$ $\prod_{y}$ $\prod_{y}$ $\prod_{y}$				
	Stroke #3 $\square$				
4.	What were the symptoms associated with the stroke?  a. definite loss or alteration of consciousness	Yes	No	Don't Know	
	b. minor spells of fainting, blackouts, or dizziness				
	c. paralysis of the face				
	d. loss of vision (or field deficit)				
	e. language or speech change				
	f. weakness or paralysis of limbs				
	g. loss of sensation in limbs or trunk	Ш	Ш	Ш	
	5. Was stroke associated with surgical operation(s) or other conditions causing cerebral hypoperfusion?				
<u>Pa</u>	rkinson's disease and other major brain diseases				
_	Handle madicined and benefit and a basin Dadinary's discuss	Yes	No	Don't Know	Notes
6.	Has the participant ever been diagnosed as having Parkinson's disease?	Ш		Ш	
7.	If yes, when? $\prod_{m \mid m} / \prod_{d \mid d} / \prod_{y \mid y \mid y \mid y} \prod_{y \mid y \mid y}$				
8.	If yes, has the participant received anti-Parkinson therapy, (e.g.				
	L-dopa)? (Specify:)				
	elationship of medical problems to cognitive decline				
1.	Do you feel that any of the above medical problems are related	Yes	No	Don't know	
	to the participant's cognitive decline?  If yes, explain why:	Ш	Ш		

medical diagnoses associated with cognitive impairment are present, but you feel they re not etiologically related to the participant's condition, explain why not:
 e not enologically related to the participant's condition, explain why not.



### **Clinical Examination**

#### **Physical Measurements**

1.	Height (inches)	Inches			
2.	Weight (pounds)	Pounds			
3.	Blood pressure, standing (mm/Hg)				
4.	Blood pressure, sitting (mm/Hg)	/			
Medi	cal Examination	Normal	Abnormal	Notes	
5. 6.	Skin Head and Neck			1,000	
		Absent	Present		
7.	Carotid Bruits				
	IF PRESENT, CHECK SIDE 7a. Right carotid 7b. Left carotid	(Go to #8)			
		Normal	Abnormal	Notes	
8. 9. 10. 11. 12. 13. 14.	Lung Heart Abdomen Back Limbs Joints Peripheral Vascular  Describe abnormalities:				
	Describe abnormanties.				

Neur	rological Examination (cont.)	<b>3</b> 7 1	.1	NT .
16.	Attention/concentration Describe abnormalities if found:	Normal	Abnormal	Notes
17. 18. 19. 20.	16a. Digit span (forward) > 4 16b. Concentration (days of week backward)  Language (Dysarthria, aphasia)  Vision (e.g., cataracts, macular degeneration, glaucom Hearing (e.g., presbycusis)  Cranial nerves 2-12	na)		
21.	Describe abnormalities:			
22.	Motor examination IF NORMAL, go to #23	Normal  (Go to #23)	Abnormal	
	IF ABNORMAL  22a. Strength  22b. Bulk  22c. Tone (e.g., rigidity, spasticity, etc.)  22d. Movement (e.g., tremor, fasciculation, etc.)  22e. Describe abnormal motor findings:			
	22f. Suspect brain origin for problems	Yes	No	
23.	Sensation IF NORMAL, go to #24	Normal □ <b>↓</b>	Abnormal	
	IF ABNORMAL 23a. Suspect CNS origin (face, arm, leg) 23b. Suspect PNS origin (Decreased sensation in stocking/glove	(Go to #24) Yes	No	
	distribution)  23c. Suspect cranial nerve origin			

		Normal Abnormal Notes
24.	Coordination 24a. If abnormal, describe:	
25.	Deep tendon reflexes 25a. If abnormal, describe:	
26.	Plantar reflexes IF NORMAL, go to #27	
	IF ABNORMAL 26a. Right foot 26b. Left foot	(Go to #27)
27.	Pathological reflexes  IF PRESENT, CHECK TYPE:	Absent Present  (Go to #28)
	27a. Grasp □ 27b. Glabellar □ 27c. Suck □ 27d. Snout □ 27e. Palmomental □ 27f. Other □ 27g. If other, describe: □	
28.	Gait IF NORMAL, go to Section D	Normal Abnormal  ↓  (Go to Section D)
	IF ABNORMAL, CHECK TYPE:  28a. Parkinsonian □  28b. Ataxia □  28c. Apraxic □  28d. Spastic □  28e. Other □  28f. If other, describe:	(Go to Section D)



#### **Mini-Mental State Examination (Optional)**

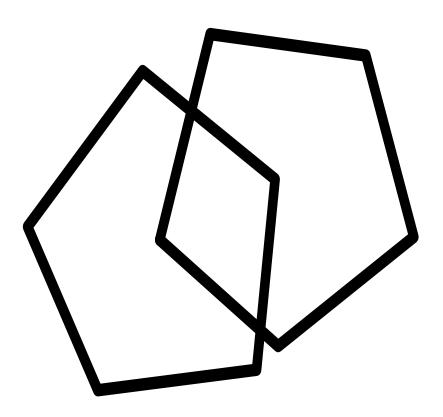
Examiner: This section is **OPTIONAL**. Administer this section <u>only</u> if you believe that you need this information to assess current cognitive status. Remember, the participant has already been administered the (Expanded) Mini-Mental State Exam and the Cognitive Test Battery both of which you should have in your packet. Repeating this test could impose a burden on her. If you decide to skip this section, go to Section E.

1. What is the year?	
3. What is the date?	
4. What is the day of the week?	
4. What is the day of the week?	
6. Can you tell me where we are?	
(For instance, what state are we in?)  7. What county are we in?	
8. What city/town are we in?	
9. What floor of the building are we in?	
10. What is the name or address of this place?	
<ul> <li>I am going to name three objects. After I have said them, I want you to repeat them. Remember what are because I am going to ask you to name them again in a few minutes. Please repeat the names for (Score first try. Repeat objects for three trials only).</li> <li>a. Hat</li> <li>b. Car</li> <li>c. Tree</li> <li>D</li> &lt;</ul>	
<ul> <li>b. Car</li> <li>c. Tree</li> <li>D</li> <li>D</li> <li>D</li> <li>12. Now I am going to give you a word and ask you to spell it forward and backward. The word is WO</li> </ul>	•
c. Tree	
12. Now I am going to give you a word and ask you to spell it forward and backward. The word is WO	
word forward, if necessary)	
Score number of letters given in correct order:	
What are the three objects I asked you to remember?	
13. Hat	
14. Car	
15 Tree	

		Error	Correct
16.	(Show wrist watch) What is this called?		
17.	(Show pencil) What is this called?		
18.	Please repeat this phrase. "NO IF'S, AND'S OR BUT'S." (Allow only one trial.)		
19.	Read the words on this page and do what it says. (The paper reads) "CLOSE YOUR EYES" (Score correct if participant closes eyes.)		
20.	I'm going to give you a piece of paper. When I do, take the paper in your right hand, fold the paper in half with both hands, and put paper down on your lap. (Read full statement, THEN hand the participant the paper. Do <u>not</u> repeat instructions or coach). Score each of the three stages of commands.	the	
	Right hand		
	Folds		
	In lap		
21.	Write any complete sentence on that piece of paper for me. (Score correct if sentence has a subject and a verb and is sensible.)		
22.	Here is a drawing. Please copy the drawing on the same paper. (Score correct if the two five-sided figures intersect to form a four-sided figure and if all angles in the five-sided figure are preserved.)		
	TOTAL SCORE (The sum of the scores for all 22 questions. Each response receives 1 point)	n "correct"	

Guide for interpreting scores on the Mini-Mental State Exam: Scores less than or equal to 24 (for individuals with > 8th grade education) or 21 (for individuals with # 8th grade education) are considered to reflect clinically significant cognitive impairment. Scores above 26 are generally considered to reflect normal cognitive functioning. A *diagnosis* of dementia, however, should be made on the basis of all available information (i.e., history, clinical exam, neuropsychological test data and lab work).

# CLOSE YOUR EYES





## **Psychiatric Symptoms**

In order to determine the presence of psychiatric symptoms or a disorder, please:

	1.	Review the results of the technician's interview of the participant (Behavioral and Psychiatric Symptoms, pgs. 23-29).
	2.	If there are any positive symptoms or if in your evaluation up to this point you suspect the presence of psychiatric problems, then evaluate the participant further. You may ask whatever questions you wish. Diagnostic criteria are included in the technician interview on pages 23-29.
	3.	Make your summary rating below for each disorder. Include any comments in the space provided.
1.	(CRIT	he participant have a <b>MAJOR DEPRESSION</b> ?  ERIA FOR DIAGNOSIS: Refer to question # 10 in the Behavioral and Psychiatric Symptoms of the technician's interview.)
	Comm	nents:
		Yes No
2.	(CRIT	he participant have a <b>PANIC DISORDER</b> ?
	Comm	nents:
		Yes No
3.	(CRIT	he participant have a <b>GENERALIZED ANXIETY DISORDER</b> ?   ERIA FOR DIAGNOSIS: Refer to question # 38b in the Behavioral and Psychiatric Symptoms of the technician's interview.)
	Comm	ents:

4.	Does the participant have an <b>ANXIETY DISORDER</b> , <b>Not Otherwise Specified</b> ? (CRITERIA FOR DIAGNOSIS: Refer to question # 38b in the Behavioral and Psy section of the technician's interview.)	Yes  Chiatric Sympton	No D toms
	Comments:		
5.	Does the participant have an <b>ALCOHOL ABUSE/DEPENDENCE DISORDER</b> ? (CRITERIA FOR DIAGNOSIS: Refer to question # 49 in the Behavioral and Psyc section of the technician's interview.)  Comments:		No □
6.	Does the participant have any <b>OTHER PSYCHIATRIC DISORDERS</b> based on y evaluation? Yes No	our clinical	



### Hachinski Ischemic Scale

Examiner: Rate each of these clinical characteristics based on all the information available to you. Then sum to get a total Hachinski Ischemic score.

<u>Feature</u>	Yes No	If "YES", score is:			
Abrupt onset		2			
Stepwise deterioration		1			
Fluctuating course		2			
Nocturnal confusion		1			
Relative preservation of personality		1			
Depression		1			
Somatic complaints		1			
Emotional lability		1			
History of hypertension*		1			
History of strokes		2			
Evidence of associated atherosclerosis		1			
Focal neurological symptoms		2			
Focal neurological signs		2			
*Defined as either a history of present or previous hypertensive therapy or a current and consistent blood pressure of 160/90 or more.					
Sum score for all YES a	nswers $\Box\Box$				



## Diagnostic Checklist for Dementia Syndrome

Examiner: At questions.	fter reviewing all the available data sources and completing			_		
		Yes	No	Don't Know		
1.	Is there a decline in the participant's memory?	Ш	Ш			
	(Impaired ability to learn new information or to					
2.	recall previously learned information) Is there a decline in one or more of					
2.	the following cognitive functions?					
	a. Language/speech disability					
	b. Executive function/problem-solving					
	c. Visuospatial dysfunction					
	d. Apraxia					
3.	Is there a decline in functional ability causing					
	significant impairment in social or occupational					
	functioning and representing a significant decline		$\Box$			
	from a previous level of functioning?			Ш		
<b>Diagnostic</b>	<b>Decision Rules:</b>					
A.	For questions 1 through 3 are there any "YES" response	s?				
	If "Yes", please go to Rule B:					
	If "No", please classify as having "No Dementia	Syndroi	me."			
В.				e., "yes" responses to		
	questions 1 and 3, plus at least one yes in questions 2a-d,	)?				
	If "Yes", please classify as having "Probable De		Svndron	ne."		
	If "No", please go to Rule C:		J			
С.						
C.	C. Does the participant have at least 1 "Yes" response to questions 1 and 2?  If "Yes", please classify as having "Minor Cognitive Impairment."					
		uve 1mp	uiimen	· · ·		
ъ.	If "No", please go to Rule D:					
D.	Do you think the participant has deficits that exceed "min	Ü		•		
	sufficient to classify the participant as having a dementia	syndron	ne, even	though some criteria		
	are lacking?					
	If "Yes", please explain reasons for your decision	ı:				

Diagnostic Impression: (check one)	
☐ No Dementia	
☐ Minor Cognitive Impairment	
☐ Probable Dementia	
If Probable Dementia, please obtain laboratory/CT data. When results are returned, finish Sections H and	I. If
No Dementia or Minor Cognitive Impairment, end evaluation.	
Comments:	
Please add any comments that you feel would be helpful to explain or document your diagnostic decision	
making:	



## **Laboratory and Imaging Studies**

LA If o		the last 2 m	onthe or lose t	hasa raaard	a may ba	
	participant has had identical blood test panel within mitted in lieu of testing. Otherwise, order and recor				•	st recent
	alts). Attach copy of test results to this form.	C		`		
	/ <del></del>	Lab	NT I	A1 1	Not	Don't
1.	BUN	<u>Values</u>	Normal	Abnormal	Assessed	Know
2.	Glucose	<del></del>	H	H	H	H
		<del></del>	H	H	H	H
3.	Thyroid (TSH)		H	H	H	H
4.	B-12 Folate			H	H	H
5.	Folate		H	H	H	H
6.	Test for syphilis		片	님	片	片
7.	CBC with differential (e.g., RBC, Hgb, WBC with diff)		Ц	Ц	Ш	Ш
8.	Other (e.g., sed rate)					
9.	Describe any abnormalities:					
	Reminder: Please communicate abnormal result to the participant's primary care physician if co			-	can be pa	ssed on
IM	AGING STUDIES					
IIVI.	ATOTIVO STEDIES				Don't	
			Yes	No	Know	
10	Has a head CT or head MDI hear done?					
10.	Has a head CT or head MRI been done?		ш	ш	ш	
	m m d d y y y Facility					
	(If YES, obtain a copy. If you are unable to obtain	a copy of a r	orevious			
	Head CT or MRI, order a non-contrast head CT sca					
		,				
	(If NO, or DK, you should order a non-contrast hea	nd CT scan at	nd complete th	is section		
	when results are returned to you. <u>DO NOT ORDE</u>		na complete th	15 50001011	Don't	
		<u>IX IVIIXI.</u> )				
	when results are retained to you. <u>DO ITOT ORDE</u>		Vec	No		
	,		Yes	No	Know	
11.	Are CT/MRI results abnormal?		Yes	No		

NOTE: Attach a copy of the CT report to this page. Be sure to give the films to the WHIMS technician to be returned to the study Central Coordinating Center.



#### **Classification of Dementia Diagnosis**

Examiner: At this point in the diagnostic workup, it is expected that you have reached a conclusion that the participant <u>has</u> a dementia syndrome, and that you are now utilizing the results of the evaluation to refine your diagnostic classification. Using information from the clinical history, clinical examination, laboratory testing, technician interview data and neuropsychological testing, classify the dementia syndrome into specific disease categories.

There will be three broad diagnostic categories: Vascular Dementia, Alzheimer's Disease, and Other Dementia. The Other Dementia category will include such diagnoses as Mixed Vascular and AD Dementia, Dementia in association with Parkinson's Disease, Metabolic Dementias, Alcohol-related dementia syndromes, etc. To the best of your ability, please give as specific a diagnosis as possible.

#### Vascular Dementia Diagnostic Criteria

Criteria for making the diagnosis for Vascular Dementia include <u>ALL</u> of the following:

A.	The development of multiple cognitive deficits manifested by both:	Yes	No
	(1) memory impairment (impaired ability to learn new information or to recall previously learned information)		
	(2) one (or more) of the following cognitive disturbances:		
	<ul> <li>a. Aphasia (language disturbance)</li> <li>b. Apraxia (impaired ability to carry out motor activities despite intact motor function)</li> <li>c. Agnosia (failure to recognize or identify objects despite intact sensory function)</li> <li>d. Disturbance in executive functioning (i.e., planning, organizing, sequencing, abstracting)</li> </ul>		
В.	The cognitive deficits in Criteria A1 and A2 each cause significant impairment in social or occupational functioning and represent a significant decline from a previous level of functioning.		
C.	Focal neurological signs and symptoms (e.g., exaggeration of deep tendon reflexes, extensor plantar response, pseudobulbar palsy, gait abnormalities, weakness of an extremity) or laboratory evidence indicative of cerebrovascular disease (e.g., multiple infarctions involving cortex and underlying white matter) that are judged to be etiologically related to the disturbance.		
D.	The deficits do not occur exclusively during the course of a delirium.  Does the participant meet <u>ALL</u> of the above criteria, <u>AND</u> is cerebrovascular disease judged to be the only/predominant etiology?	□ ↓ STOP	□ ↓ PROCEE

#### Alzheimer's Disease Diagnostic Criteria

Criteria for making the diagnosis for Alzheimer's Disease include <u>ALL</u> of the following:

A.	The development of multiple cognitive deficits manifested by both:	Yes	No
	(1) memory impairment (impaired ability to learn new information or to recall previously learned information)		
	(2) one (or more) of the following cognitive disturbances:		
	(a) Aphasia (language disturbance)		
	(b) Apraxia (impaired ability to carry out motor activities despite intact motor function)		
	(c) Agnosia (failure to recognize or identify objects despite intact sensory function)	П	П
	(d) Disturbance in executive functioning (i.e., planning, organizing, sequencing, abstracting)		
В.	The cognitive deficits in Criteria A1 and A2 each cause significant impairment in social or occupational functioning and represent a significant decline from a previous level of functioning.		
C.	The course is characterized by gradual onset and continuing cognitive decline.		
D.	The cognitive deficits in Criteria A1 and A2 are <u>not</u> due to any of the following:		
	(1) Other central nervous system conditions that cause progressive deficits in memory and cognition (e.g., cerebrovascular disease, Parkinson's disease, Huntington's disease, subdural hematoma, normal-pressure hydrocephalus, brain tumor)		
	(2) Systemic conditions that are known to cause dementia (e.g., hypothyroidism, vitamin $B_{12}$ or folic acid deficiency, neurosyphilis, HIV infection)		
	(3) Substance-induced conditions		
E.	The deficits do not occur exclusively during the course of a delirium.		
F.	The disturbance is not better accounted for by another disorder (e.g., Major Depressive Disorder, Schizophrenia)		
Do	ses the participant meet <u>ALL</u> of the above criteria for Alzheimer's Disease <u>ONLY</u> ?	↓ STOP	□ ↓ PROCEED
		5101	. NOCEED

#### **Other Dementia Diagnostic Criteria Categories**

In order for the dementia to be classified under one of these specific categories, the participant must have a dementia syndrome, must not meet criteria for Vascular Dementia or Alzheimer's Disease only, and must meet criteria for the specific diagnosis.

	and of the second secon	Yes	No
A.	Dementia: Mixed Type		
	(Features of both Alzheimer's Disease and Vascular Dementia or other etiology)	□	
B.	Normal Pressure Hydrocephalus (Check all that apply)		
	☐ 1. Abnormal Gait		
	☐ 2. Incontinence		
	☐ 3. Hydrocephalus on CT Scan		
C.	Parkinson's Dementia (Check all that apply)	🔲	
	☐ 1. History of Parkinson's Disease		
	☐ 2. Extrapyramidal Symptoms		
D.	Metabolic Dementia: Cause of Dementia Syndrome		
	can be attributed to a metabolic cause (check all that apply)	🔲	
	□ 1. B12		
	$\square$ 2. Folate		
	☐ 3. Thyroid Disease		
	☐ 4. Liver Failure		
	☐ 5. Kidney Failure	_	_
E.	Dementia of Frontal Lobe Type	🔲	
	☐ 1. Predominance of Frontal-Executive Dysfunction		
	☐ 2. Language Function Preserved		
	☐ 3. Diminished Inhibition		
	☐ 4. Decreased Planning	_	_
F.	Alcohol-Related Dementia	Ш	Ш
	$\square$ 1. History of severe alcohol abuse		
	$\square$ 2. Dementia syndrome persists beyond withdrawal syndrome		
G.	Dementia Secondary to Specific Medical Conditions	.Ш	Ш
	1. Head Trauma		
	2. Pick's Disease		
	3. Creutsfeldt-Jakob Disease		
	4. Brain Tumor		
	□ 5. HIV		
	☐ 6. Syphilis		
	Dementia Secondary to Depression		H
I.	Other Dementia Category	. Ш	Ш
_	Please specify:		
	Dementia, etiology unknown, cannot be determined	. LJ	
Please add any comments that you feel would be helpful to explain or document your classification			
aec	cision making:		

This is the end of the Clinical Evaluation form. Please arrange to return this booklet along with all lab reports and CT films to the WHI-MS technician working with you.